A Brief History of Adult * Education in California



Beginnings of Adult Ed in CA

- 1856 First recorded adult school in San Francisco, St. Mary's Cathedral
- 1907 Evening School legislation
- 1910 public education set aside legislation
- 1914 four hour minimum day



Source: Meeting the Challenge – A History of Adult Education in CA http://www.otan.us/images/publicarchive/ArchivesDigitalFiles/ref 3807 meetchallenge.pdf

Roaring Twenties

- Expansion of "Americanization" program
- 1921 legislation mandating adult education
- Tradition of "any time, any place, any pace" education
- 1926 first State Plan for Adult Education
- 1926 formation of Bureau of Adult Education



Depression Thirties

- Temporary closure of adult schools
- WPA and CCC programs
- George C. Mann becomes Chief, Division of Adult Education
- 1937 first state handbook of adult education



Wartime Forties

- Adult education enrollment grows again
- Employment training for women
- Military services training programs
- Establishment of CCAE



Fabulous Fifties

- Development of modern adult education programs
- A million students in 261 high school districts and 45 junior colleges



Expansion of Federal Role in the Sixties

- 1966 Adult Education Act
- Federal vocational programs
- CA Regional Occupational Centers/Programs



Growth and Setbacks in the Seventies

- National competency based adult education movement
- Concepts of andragogy
- 1978 Proposition 13 tax reform; whole categories of programs no longer supported
- 1979 Strategic Plan for adult ed in CA



The Eighties: CBE

- Institutionalization of Competency-Based Education
- California Adult Student Assessment System (CASAS)
- ESL Teacher Institute
- Job training initiatives (JTPA/GAIN/JOBS)
- Programs for amnesty applicants



Statewide Support Projects & Collaboration in the Nineties

- Federal AEA funding used for support
- Formation of OTAN, CDLP, ALIT, ESL Teacher Institute, Leadership Training Program
- 1992 adult education legislation reform for starting new adult schools
- Federal and CA legislation for welfare reform with education (CalWORKs)



Accountability and then decline in the twenty-first century

- Standards-based education and accountability
- Rapid growth with innovation programs
- Decline beginning in 2008-09 due to flexed Adult Education funding



Global Measures of Adult Literacy

Program for the International Assessment of Adult Competencies



https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=UgRwgFD-Ynk

Adult Education in CA Today

- State K-I2 delivery system
 - Approximately 223 programs (down from 535 programs and 1.2 million students at its peak in 2008-09)
- Other providers
 - Community colleges, libraries, prisons, jails, onestop centers, CBOs....
- Federal program
 - WIA Title II AEFLA Program & EL/Civics
 - 2013 CA funding \$86 Million
 - 12% set aside for Leadership Projects

Addressing California's Literacy Needs and Challenges

- 19.1 percent of adults 18 years and older (5 million adults) do not have a high school diploma
- More than 3 million adults speak English "less then well" and 14.6 million (43 percent) residents speak a language other than English.
- More than 1.6 million residents of labor force age are unemployed

Literacy Rates in CA and Sacramento

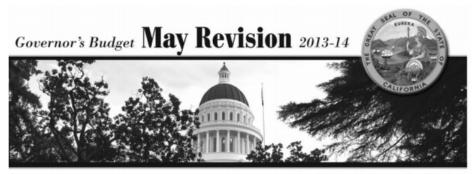
- National / State Adult Literacy Survey 1992
 Education Testing Service
 - California 23% at Level I
 - Sacramento 23% at Level I
- National Assessment of Adult Literacy 2003
 National Center for Education Statistics
 - California 23% lacking basic prose literacy
 - Sacramento 13% lacking basic prose literacy

Source: http://nces.ed.gov/naal/estimates/StateEstimates.aspx

Greater Sacramento Landscape

- School district general fund programs
- WIA Title II 2014-15 funded programs
 - CA Dept. of Corrections and Rehabilitation
 - CA Dept. of Developmental Services
 - Center JUSD
 - Elk Grove USD
 - Folsom Cordova USD
 - Sacramento City USD
 - San Juan USD
 - Twin Rivers USD
- Other providers: libraries, SETA, CCC, Job Corps, Urban League,
 CBOs, and more
- Two of three CA Leadership Projects (<u>OTAN</u> and <u>CALPRO</u>)

New Vision for CA Adult Education



Edmund G. Brown Jr. Governor, State of California

"Proposes \$500 million in apportionment funding beginning in 2015-16 to fund adult education schools jointly operated by regional consortia of community college districts and school districts."

Source: http://edsource.org/wp-content/uploads/2013-14_May_Revision.pdf